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NO. 1.

FREE MEN ON BAIL

DYNAMITERS CAN LEAVE PRISON BY SCHEDULING \$1,070,000 PENDING APPEAL.

HOCKIN ACCEPTS SENTENCE

Supersedeas Bond Fixed in Chicago to Await Hearing on Writ of Error—Should One Flee U. S. They Cannot Be Returned.

Chicago, Jan. 6.—Writs of supersedeas were granted Friday by the United States court of appeals in the case of thirty-two of the thirty-three labor leaders convicted of a dynamite plot. All will be released on bonds. That of Frank M. Ryan was placed at \$70,000. The bonds were made on a basis of \$10,000 for each year of the term to which the men had been sentenced.

In fixing the bonds Judge Baker reviewed the evidence and the arguments in the case and stated that the bonds should be large enough to make the persons furnishing them very much concerned in getting the men into court when they are wanted.

The charge is not one in which extradition may be resorted to, he said. If the men should once get out of the country, he declared it doubtful if they could be compelled to return or if the government could punish them.

Only thirty-two of the thirty-three committed men were specifically represented, although all were mentioned in the petition. Herbert S. Hockin of Indianapolis had expressed a willingness to serve his sentence and not ask an appeal.

Attorneys for the 33 convicted labor leaders at once took steps to provide suitable bonds for their clients.

The bonds for the 32 men, as fixed by the court, aggregate \$1,070,000.

Immediately following the decision of the court of appeals the point was raised by whom the bonds should be approved. It was agreed by the court and the attorneys that Federal Judge Anderson in the district court at Indianapolis should be the judge to approve the bonds.

ROCKEFELLER WILL TESTIFY

Oil Magnate Accepts Service to Appear Before the Pujos Money Investigating Committee.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The end of the long search for William G. Rockefeller, Standard Oil magnate, wanted as a witness before the money trust investigating committee, came Friday when Chairman Pujos was notified by Rockefeller that he would accept service.

The search has lasted since June, and for the last few weeks has cost the public at least \$500 a day.

It was arranged that Mr. Rockefeller will appear before the committee on January 13.

Rockefeller's decision was communicated to Chairman Pujos through Attorney Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the committee, and House Sergeant-at-Arms Riddell, both of whom are in New York.

Mr. Pujos would not discuss the terms of Mr. Rockefeller's surrender, if terms were made by the Rockefeller lawyers. Details of Mr. Rockefeller's agreement to appear before the committee were left to Mr. Untermyer, although there were frequent telephone conferences between the chairman of the committee and its counsel during the day.

GALE RAGES ON THE COAST

Norfolk and Newport News Isolated by Storm—Ships Sink at Sea—Freight Destroyed.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The south Atlantic coast states Friday were in the grip of a terrific wind and rain storm, which worked havoc with shipping and cut off the cities of Norfolk and Newport News. All land wires leading out of the cities were destroyed. Before the last two went down a telegraph operator in Newport News remarked that the gale was so terrific that the waters of the James river surged up into the lower parts of the city with the violence of a small tidal wave.

The navy wireless sent out unanswered calls to the ships of the Atlantic fleet gathering in Hampton roads. Anxiety was felt for the safety of torpedo boats in the narrow sea way. Launches and small boats from the warships which attempted landings were swamped. Large quantities of freight on the piers were swept into the sea. The beaches about the Virginia capes were strewn with wrecks of small craft.

Italy Buys Coal in America. Cardiff, Wales, Jan. 6.—Italy, following the lead of the Egyptian railways, placed an order for 200,000 tons of coal in America Friday, while she has invited tenders for a large quantity from the Yorkshire mines.

TAFT FEARS THE HAGUE

SPECIAL BOARD TO FIX TOLLS IS HIS PLAN.

Settlement of Dispute By Two Nations Urged By President.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Washington.—President Taft is willing to submit to arbitration the questions at issue between Great Britain and the United States over Panama Canal tolls, but he does not favor arbitration by The Hague Tribunal.

This fact became known upon the president's return from New York. Although he has not yet given the matter of a tribunal much thought, the president probably would prefer a special board of arbitration, composed of an equal number of citizens of the United States and Great Britain.

Such was to be the composition of the arbitral court he proposed to settle any vital question arising between nations when he spoke in behalf of the arbitration treaties. The president has expressed to friends the view that at The Hague all Europe would be against this nation, and that the moral pressure on the court would be enormous because all Europe is interested in Panama tolls just as much as is England.

In a court on which only Great Britain and United States were represented, it is argued, there would be a much greater chance of a fair decision. Several Democratic senators have voiced the opinion that a special tribunal be created to arbitrate this dispute.

FALLS DEAD OF FRIGHT

Uniontown, Pa.—When Mrs. W. E. Johnston, 30 years old, wife of a wealthy farmer of Cheat Haven, was in her home with her one-year-old daughter a man, armed with a revolver, appeared at one of the windows and demanded that she open the door. Instead of complying the woman barricaded the door.

Just as the man broke open the door Mrs. Johnston fell dead on the floor, at the same time crushing her little daughter to death.

A short time later officers arrested W. H. Simmons, who was found in the vicinity. Farmers attempted to take Simmons from his captors, but were unsuccessful, although he was roughly handled and required medical attention when brought to the Uniontown jail.

ARCHITECT AND WIFE PERISH

New York.—Robert A. Raetz, an architect, and his wife, Gertrude, were burned to death in their home in a fashionable residence district in a fire that started in the basement from a dried-out Christmas tree and spread rapidly throughout the building. The two children of the couple, Griswold, 2 years old, and a year-old baby, Robert, were rescued. The Raetzes were socially prominent. Mr. Raetz was a graduate of Heidelberg university. He was 37 years old and his wife a year younger.

EBEN SMITH WHEELER DEAD.

Detroit, Mich.—Eben Smith Wheeler, Chief United States engineer in this district, and chairman of the Nicaragua canal commission, died at his home here. He was 74 years old and was born in Wayne county, Pa. Mr. Wheeler entered the employ of the government immediately after his graduation as civil engineer from the University of Michigan and continued in the service until his death. He had charge of construction work at the Soo Canal and spent much time in perfecting surveys of the great lakes.

DAUGHTER OF WILSON SPEAKS.

Trenton, N. J.—Miss Jessie Woodrow Wilson, daughter of President-elect and Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, gave an address at the Central Baptist church at the vesper services of the Young Women's Christian association. The services were to have been held in the association's hall, but the crowd was so large that the place of meeting was changed to the church.

TWENTY MEN LOSE THEIR LIVES.

Los Angeles.—At least 20 men are missing and three launches were wrecked as a result of the heavy gale that swept the Southern California coast. The wrecks took place along the strip of coast about 20 miles south of San Diego and a short distance north of the international boundary line. Two United States immigration inspectors are among the missing and it is believed that both have perished.

Huntington, W. Va.—F. A. McDonald, 39 years old, editor and owner of the Huntington Herald-Dispatch Co., died of uremic poisoning. Mr. McDonald was president of the West Virginia Republican Editorial association and was prominent in political affairs of the state.



Upper—OLAF TVEITMOE Upper—H. S. HOCKIN
Lower—MICHAEL J. CUNNANE Lower—F. M. RYAN.
Centre—JUDGE A. D. ANDERSON

BAILEY'S SWAN SONG

TEXAS SENATOR, ABOUT TO RETIRE, DEFENDS HIS CAREER IN CONGRESS.

GRIEVES ABOUT "I AND R"

Lone Star Statesman Quotes From President-Elect Wilson—Did Not Favor His Selection, but Wishes His Administration Success.

Washington, Jan. 4.—The swan song of Senator Bailey was the feature in congressional talk Thursday. The retiring senator, defending his own career in congress, made an elaborate attack on the initiative and referendum.

Practically none of Senator Bailey's address had been prepared in advance. It dealt principally with the principle of the initiative and referendum, and he directed his words toward his resolution, declaring that such a "system of direct legislation as the initiative and referendum would establish is in conflict with the representative principle on which the republic is founded."

"The wise and patriotic statesmen who dedicated this republic to liberty and independence," declared Senator Bailey, "rejected a direct democracy in which the people would rule through the intervention of representatives and adopted a representative democracy in which the people should rule through their duly chosen agents."

The senator quoted from statesmen who participated in the formation of the Constitution and the organization of the government to show that they had never intended that the republic form of government should give way to direct legislation by the people, such as the initiative and referendum would provide.

"This is a republican democracy," he said, and cited again opinion of men identified with history to prove that a "representative democracy" was better than a true democracy. Senator Bailey said he would not quote from lawyers, because they "do not seem to be in high favor now with those who wish to work this change in the government."

"I never had a client who was my master in any manner," he declared at one point.

Mr. Bailey quoted from works of President-elect Wilson.

"I am a Democrat," said Senator Bailey, "and though I did not favor his selection, no man living hopes more for the success of his administration than I do."

JAMES R. KEENE SUCCUMBS

Death of Financier Follows Operation For Abdominal Trouble—Had Been Ill Two Years.

New York, Jan. 4.—James R. Keene died Friday morning in Miss Alston's private hospital. Death followed an operation for an abdominal trouble of long standing which became acute a few days ago and which necessitated his removal from the Waldorf-Astoria hotel to the place where he died.

Mr. Keene had been an ill man for two years.

He was a leader in Wall street stock speculation and also a commanding figure on the turf. He had the distinction of having owned, bred and raced some of the greatest horses in the history of the American turf.

LEGISLATOR A SUICIDE

CONGRESSMAN WEDEMAYER OF MICHIGAN LEAPS INTO SEA.

Became Ill, Then Violent, on Trip to Panama—Raved Over Failure to Be Re-Elected.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Representative William W. Wedemeyer of Ann Arbor, Mich., who suddenly became ill and was thought to be insane at Colon, Panama, at the time of President Taft's recent visit to the isthmus, jumped overboard from a ship on which he had been taken at Colon. His body had not been recovered.

Representative Wedemeyer went to Panama with a congressional party, at the same time the president visited there. On the voyage from New York he collapsed and was taken first to a sanitarium in Panama and later was put in confinement in a hospital where he became violent and raved about his defeat at the last election. He developed a suicidal tendency and was closely watched. Mr. Wedemeyer's close friends say that a few days before leaving for the isthmus he fell and struck his head on an icy sidewalk. It was not regarded as serious and did not deter him from going with the congressional party.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Jan. 6.—Although it was reported that the mental condition of Congressman William W. Wedemeyer, who, while insane, leaped overboard from a steamer carrying him home from Colon, Panama, was due largely to a fall he received recently in Washington, his local friends and associates attribute the congressman's breakdown to the strenuous campaign he went through last fall, which resulted in his defeat by S. W. Beakes, Democrat, and his enthusiastic congressional work in general.

WIRELESS FROM PARIS TO U. S.

Message Is Sent From Eiffel Tower in French Capital to Arlington Station.

Washington, Jan. 2.—The long arm of the wireless has reached from the Eiffel tower, Paris, to the government station at Arlington, a distance of four thousand miles, according to a report of Commander C. H. Bullard to Secretary of the Navy Meyer today.

Naval officers consider this the most important achievement of the wireless since its invention.

The communications between Washington and Paris were established in the quiet hours of early morning when the Arlington operator received the time signal sent out from the Eiffel tower every fifteen minutes.

GOMPERS AND AIDS APPEAL

Petition Alleges Court Erred in Sentencing Labor Leaders to Jail for Contempt.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, convicted of contempt of court and sentenced to jail in connection with the Buck's Stove & Range case, have filed their appeal in the District of Columbia court of appeals. It alleges the men were convicted not of contempt of court, but of want of respect for judicial authority. Seventeen alleged errors are charged against Justice Wright. The "committee of prosecutors" will file a brief in reply before February 5.

COAL OUTPUT IS GOOD

WESTERN COUNTIES CONTRIBUTE MORE THAN HALF OF TOTAL.

Work Has Been Greatly Hampered by Lack of Cars—Output for This Year Should Reach Much Higher Figure.

Frankfort.—Kentucky's coal output for 1912 was 14,000,000 tons, according to a report of the United Geological Survey. It says:

"The development in what is known as the Elkhorn coal field, in south-eastern Kentucky, which have been actively pushed during the last two years, are expected to be in full running order in the spring of 1913, and will swing the major production of the state from the western to the eastern district. Up to the present time the larger part of the production has been derived from the western counties, and in 1912, out of an estimated output of 14,000,000 tons, the western counties have contributed over half, or say 7,500,000 tons, as compared with 6,500,000 tons from the eastern counties."

"The whole state has suffered from car shortage in 1912, but it was especially felt in western Kentucky, where, in December, the car supply on the Louisville & Nashville railroad was only 65 per cent of the needs, and on the Illinois Central railway barely 40 per cent. From April 1 to May 15 an agreed suspension of mining occurred in the organized districts of western Kentucky, which affected about 5,000 men."

McCreary Names Delegates.

Governor McCreary appointed delegates to the Fourth International Congress on School Hygiene, which meets in Buffalo August 25 to 30. They follow: Dr. J. N. McCormack, Bowling Green; T. J. Coates, Barksdale Hamlett, and Dr. John G. Smith, Frankfort; Mrs. Lafon Allen, Harrodsburg; Fred Mutchler, Prof. H. H. Cherry, Bowling Green; Dr. W. E. Grant, Prof. W. H. Bartholomew, Louisville; T. A. Hendrick, Cynthiana, M. A. Cassidy, Lexington; M. O. Winfree, Middleboro; E. T. Darnaby, Winchester; Edgar C. Riley, Burlington; Leslie Bosley, Danville; J. W. Rankins, Danville; J. E. Lanter, Winchester; R. I. R. L. McFarland, Owensboro; Orville Stivers, Louisville; J. W. True, Georgetown; M. J. Gordon, Mt. Sterling; John W. Clarkson, Lebanon; M. P. Hifner, Versailles; G. M. Money, Shelbyville; J. W. Ireland, Stanford; J. L. Pilkerton, Elizabethtown; C. C. Sandusky, Nicholasville; W. D. Rodds, Mayfield, and N. C. Hammack, Morganfield.

Report of State Geologist.

According to the quarterly report of State Geologist J. B. Hoeling, made to the Advisory Board, a practically virgin coal field of fine proportion is on the eve of development along the upper Licking river in Magoffin and Morgan counties. Two co-operative camps of the state and government survey have just been closed for the winter in Warren county and near Hindman. The latter camp was finishing work in the vicinity of Prestonburg to connect with similar work being done in Virginia. The survey is about ready to complete a map of the Owensboro and Tell City coal field. An interesting work has been carried on in the freclay district, embracing Rowan, Boyd, Carter and Greenup counties, and maps of the Georgetown quadrangle and the Big Sandy valley coal field from Prestonburg to the mouth of the river.

City Is Offering Prizes.

Louisville came up handsomely with cash prizes for the Kentucky Educational Association, which will meet there in April. Secretary Thomas Vinson, who was in Louisville on business connected with the meeting, collected \$250 in a half day. This money will be distributed in addition to the banners to stimulate interest in the attendance. For the county sending the largest delegation, considering the number of teachers in the county and the distance traveled, \$75 in gold will be given; to the second, \$50 in gold; to the third, \$25, and to the next five \$10 and to the next ten \$5. It will be left to the County Teachers' Association of each county receiving a prize as to what shall be done with the money.

Refuses to Stamp Warrant.

State Treasurer Thomas Rhea declined to stamp an interest-bearing warrant for \$2,000 for the maintenance of the girls' dormitory at the state university. This money was appropriated in a special act of the general assembly several years ago, and Judge Lafferty, dean of the law school, thought this should take it out of the operation of the rule applied to all special appropriations. Treasurer Rhea said all would be treated alike, and no interest-bearing warrants would be issued unless the court of appeals decides otherwise.

Membership to be Increased.

Efforts to increase the membership of the Kentucky Educational Association from 3,280 to 5,000 at the meeting in Louisville April 30, will be crowned with success, in the opinion of Secretary Thomas Vinson, who is receiving regular and encouraging reports from the Congressional district committees in charge of the work of arousing interest among teachers in their territories. He is devoting a great deal of time to the rally and expressed gratification at the co-operation the association is meeting with.

The two normal schools will together send about 2,000 to the meeting on special trains, arrangements for securing which will be made in the next week. Superintendent of Public Instruction Barksdale Hamlett also will bring the meeting to the attention of the county and city school boards, urging the former to increase the pay of rural teachers who attend the meeting, a dollar a month, and the latter to dismiss their schools and allow the teachers full pay for the time of the meeting. The rural schools will be out by that time.

Prizes will be offered to induce attendance. The county sending the largest delegation, considering the distance traveled, will receive a huge silk banner, and smaller ones will be given the counties in each district sending the largest delegations. Other prizes, aggregating \$300 in gold will be given county delegations.

It seems assured, Mr. Vinson said, that Theodore Roosevelt will speak at one of the night meetings on the child problem. Either Elbert Hubbard or Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson will be the other speaker.

Whisky Tax is Raised.

The valuation for taxation on whisky in bond was raised \$2 the barrel by the State Board of Valuation and Assessment. The tax was placed at \$12 the barrel in the tentative assessment over the protest of the distillers, who complained of the raise of \$2 made by the last board. Notices will be sent out to the distillers, who have thirty days in which to file complaints before the tax is made final. Tax Clerk C. F. Saunders, of State Auditor Bosworth's office, has mailed to the distillers blanks on which to make the return of the whisky taken out of bond, but will not be able to furnish them tables on which to compute the tax until this 1913 assessments is made final. Every four months the distillers report the number of barrels taken out of bond and pay the tax on them. This is done in January, May and September, but on account of the late assessment they will not be able to pay the tax in January this year. The revenue derived from this source last year under a \$10 tax was \$138,000.

Medals Given to Guardsmen.

Service medals for nine, fifteen and twenty-one years of faithful service in the Kentucky National Guard have been awarded by the Adjutant General's office to the following officers:

Twenty-one years' service—Col. Joutet Henry, Third Infantry; Lieut. Col. Nelson J. Edwards, Second Infantry; Lieut. Col. Erskine B. Bassett, Third Infantry; Maj. C. W. Longmire, Second Infantry.

Fifteen years' service—Capt. Anthony G. Chapman, Third Infantry; Capt. Charles H. Tandy, Third Infantry.

Nine years' service—May. Henry H. Denhardt, Third Infantry; Maj. T. W. Woodyard, Quartermaster; Maj. John A. Webb, Second Infantry; Capt. E. W. Clark, Third Infantry.

Federal Building.

Concerted effort on the part of the thirty-eight states represented in the American Association of Fairs and Expositions will be exerted toward pushing through Congress House bill No. 18005, which carries an appropriation of \$100,000 for a Federal building on every state fair ground in the country. The building is to be devoted to the exhibition of food and forage crops and 20 per cent of the floor space is to be given over to Federal exhibits. Commissioner of Agriculture J. W. Newman, who is a member of the committee assigned to promoting the interests of the bill expects the bill to pass.

369 State Banks Have Been Inspected.

Since July 12, when the law creating the department became operative, the State Banking Department has inspected 369 banks, and will have completed the first round of inspections by the middle of February. The law requires an inspection of each bank at least once a year. This being a legal holiday and the banks closed, Commissioner R. R. Revell held a conference with the inspectors, John B. Chenault, A. B. Farris and E. J. Doss.

Prof. Harker is Appointed.

Chairman Daniel E. O'Sullivan, of the State Prison Commission, has announced the appointment of Prof. Harvey R. Harker, of Louisville, to succeed M. M. Mallory as the head of the educational department of the School of Reform.